

Clinical classification of PH1

Group 1: PAH

- 1.1 Idiopathic
- 1.2 Heritable
- 1.3 Associated with drugs and toxins
- **1.4** Associated with connective tissue disease, HIV infection, portal hypertension, congenital heart disease, schistosomiasis
- 1.5 PAH with features of venous/capillary (PVOD/PCH) involvement
- 1.6 Persistent PH of the newborn

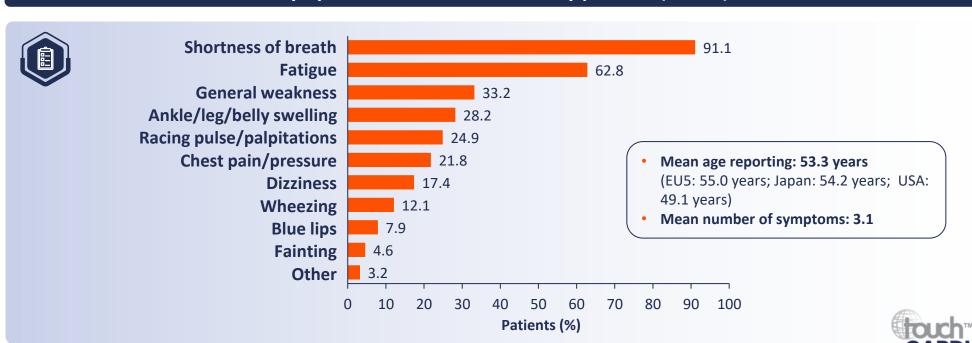
Group 2: PH associated with left heart disease

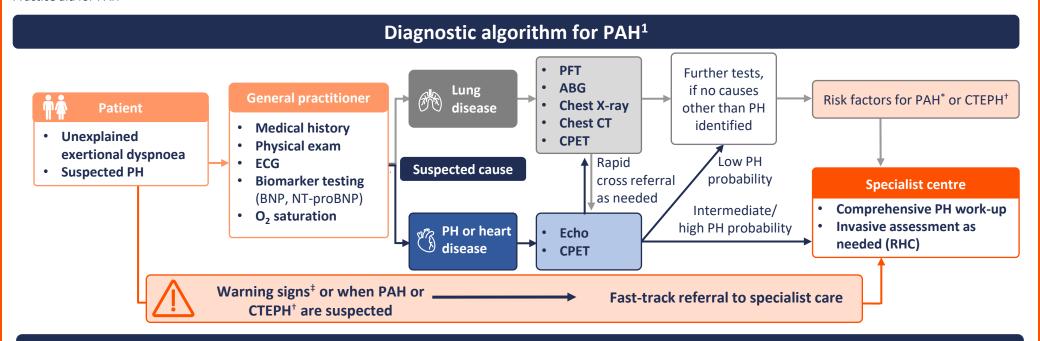
Group 3: PH associated with lung diseases and/or hypoxia

Group 4: PH associated with chronic pulmonary artery obstruction

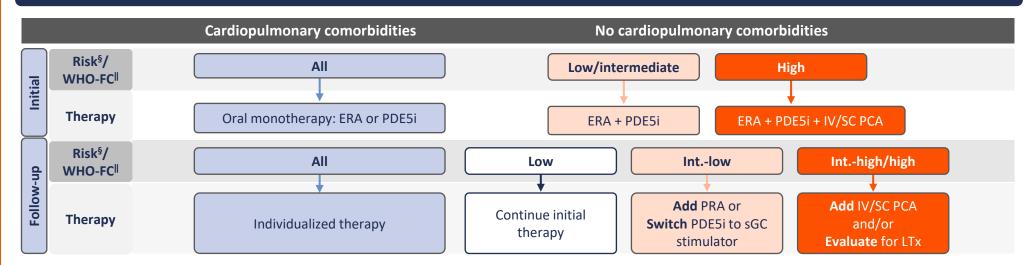
Group 5: PH with unclear and/or multifactorial mechanisms

Symptoms of PAH first noticed by patients (N=572)²





Treatment algorithm for PAH^{1,3,4}



*Includes connective tissue disease (especially systemic sclerosis), portal hypertension, HIV infection, and family history of PAH. [†]A range of factors including a history of pulmonary embolism, IBD and essential thrombocythaemia. [‡]Warning signs include rapid progression of symptoms, severely reduced exercise capacity, pre-syncope or syncope on mild exertion, signs of right heart failure. [§]ESC/ERS guidelines recommend using a 3-strata risk model pre-treatment and a 4-strata risk model when on treatment. ^{||}US guidelines either emphasize WHO-FC class2 or REVEAL 2.03 to guide treatment selection.



Agents for PAH: Newly approved or in phase III trials*

	Approved (USA and Europe, 2024 ^{5,6})		In phase III clinical trials		
Agent	Sotatercept		Ralinepag	MK-5475	Seralutinib
MOA/Target	ACTRIIA ligand trap		PRA	sGC stimulator	TKI
Trial results/ Primary	Pivotal trial:	Ongoing trials:			
endpoint(s)	NCT04576988 (STELLAR): Change from BL in 6MWD vs placebo ⁷	NCT04896008 (ZENITH): Time to first confirmed morbidity/mortality event8 NCT04796337 (SOTERIA): Patients experiencing an AE9 NCT04811092 (HYPERION): Time to clinical worsening ¹⁰	NCT03683186 (ADVANCE EXTENSION): Patients with TEAEs ¹¹ NCT03626688 (ADVANCE OUTCOMES): Time to first protocoldefined clinical worsening event ¹²	NCT04732221 (INSIGNIA-PAH): Change from BL in 6MWD at 12 weeks ¹³	NCT05934526 (PROSERA): Change from BL in 6MWD at 24 weeks ¹⁴ NCT06274801 (PROSERA-EXT): Incidence of TEAEs ¹⁵
Completion date	Completed	NCT04896008: Nov 2025 NCT04796337: Nov 2027 NCT04811092: Dec 2029	NCT03683186: Sept 2024 NCT03626688: Dec 2024	Completed	NCT05934526: Oct 2025 NCT06274801: Dec 2026



Abbreviations and references

Abbreviations

6MWD, 6-minute walking distance; ABG, arterial blood gas analysis; ACTRIIA, activin receptor type IIA; AE, adverse event; BL, baseline; BNP, brain natriuretic peptide; CPET, cardiopulmonary exercise testing; CT, computed tomography; CTEPH, chronic thromboembolic PH; ECG, electrocardiogram; Echo, echocardiogram; ERA, endothelin receptor antagonist; ESC/ERS, European Society of Cardiology/European Respiratory Society; EU5, France, Germany, Italy, Spain, UK; IBD, inflammatory bowel disease; Int., intermediate; IV, intravenous; LTx, lung transplantation; MOA, mechanism of action; NT-proBNP, N-terminal pro-BNP; PAH, pulmonary arterial hypertension; PCA, prostacyclin analogue; PCH, pulmonary capillary haemangiomatosis; PDE5i, phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitor; PFT pulmonary function test; PH, pulmonary hypertension; PRA, prostacyclin receptor agonist; PVOD, pulmonary venoocclusive disease; RHC, right heart catheterization; REVEAL, Registry to Evaluate Early and Long-Term PAH Disease Management; SC, subcutaneous; sGC, soluble guanylate cyclase; TEAEs, treatment emergent AEs; TKI, tyrosine kinase inhibitor; WHO-FC, World Health Organization functional class.

References

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- 15. ClinicalTrials.gov. NCT06274801. Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT06274801 (accessed 30 September 2024).

The guidance provided by this practice aid is not intended to directly influence patient care. Clinicians should always evaluate their patients' conditions and potential contraindications and review any relevant manufacturer product information or recommendations of other authorities prior to consideration of procedures, medications or other courses of diagnosis or therapy included here.

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